

BZ³

```

> restart:
> with(Involutive): with(homalg):
Tell Involutive to compute over the integers:
> InvolutiveOptions("rational",false);
                                true
> RPI:='Involutive/homalg';
                                RPI := Involutive/homalg
> 'homalg/default':=RPI;
                                homalg/default := Involutive/homalg
The infinite cyclic group  $\mathbb{Z}^3 := (\mathbb{Z}^3, +) = \underbrace{C_\infty \times \cdots \times C_\infty}_3$ :
The group ring  $\mathbb{Z}\mathbb{Z}^3 = \mathbb{Z}[x, x^{-1}, y, y^{-1}, a, a^{-1}]$ :
> var:=[x,y,a,X,Y,A],[x*X-1,y*Y-1,a*A-1];
                                var := [[x, y, a, X, Y, A], [x X - 1, y Y - 1, a A - 1]]
The trivial  $\mathbb{Z}\mathbb{Z}^3$ -module  $\mathbb{Z}$ :
> Z:=[x-1,y-1,a-1];

```

$$Z := [x - 1, y - 1, a - 1]$$

THEOREM: For a discrete group G there are natural isomorphisms

$$\text{Ext}_{\mathbb{Z}G}^\bullet(\mathbb{Z}, \mathbb{Z}) = H^\bullet(G, \mathbb{Z}) = H^\bullet(BG; \mathbb{Z}).$$

The integral cohomology of the group $\mathbb{Z}^n =$ integral cohomology of the classifying space

$$B\mathbb{Z} = (S^1)^n = T^n,$$

the n -dimensional torus.

THEOREM: The cohomology ring of \mathbb{Z}^n is $\text{Ext}_{\mathbb{Z}\mathbb{Z}^n}^\bullet(\mathbb{Z}, \mathbb{Z}) = H^\bullet(B\mathbb{Z}^n; \mathbb{Z}) = H^\bullet(T^n; \mathbb{Z}) = \Lambda\mathbb{Z}^n$.

The zeroth integral cohomology $H^0(T^3; \mathbb{Z}) = \mathbb{Z}$:

```

> Ext(0,Z,Z,var);
[[1 = [ 1 ]], [A - 1, Y - 1, X - 1, a - 1, y - 1, x - 1], "Presentation"]

```

The first integral cohomology $H^1(T^3; \mathbb{Z}) = \mathbb{Z}^3$:

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> Ext(1,Z,Z,var);

```

$$\left[\left[[1, 0, 0] = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, [0, 1, 0] = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, [0, 0, 1] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, [[0, 0, A - 1], [0, A - 1, 0], [A - 1, 0, 0], [0, 0, Y - 1], [0, Y - 1, 0], [Y - 1, 0, 0], [0, 0, X - 1], [0, X - 1, 0], [X - 1, 0, 0], [0, 0, a - 1], [0, a - 1, 0], [a - 1, 0, 0], [0, 0, y - 1], [0, y - 1, 0], [y - 1, 0, 0], [0, 0, x - 1], [0, x - 1, 0], [x - 1, 0, 0]], "Presentation" \right] \right]$$

The second integral cohomology $H^2(T^3; \mathbb{Z}) = \mathbb{Z}^3$:

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> Ext(2,Z,Z,var);

```

$$\left[\left[[1, 0, 0] = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, [0, 1, 0] = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, [0, 0, 1] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \right], [[0, 0, A-1], [0, A-1, 0], [A-1, 0, 0], [0, 0, Y-1], [0, Y-1, 0], [Y-1, 0, 0], [0, 0, X-1], [0, X-1, 0], [X-1, 0, 0], [0, 0, a-1], [0, a-1, 0], [a-1, 0, 0], [0, 0, y-1], [0, y-1, 0], [y-1, 0, 0], [0, 0, x-1], [0, x-1, 0], [x-1, 0, 0]], \text{“Presentation”} \right]$$

The third integral cohomology $H^3(T^3; \mathbb{Z}) = \mathbb{Z}$:

> `Ext(3,Z,Z,var);`

$[[1 = [1]], [A-1, Y-1, X-1, a-1, y-1, x-1], \text{“Presentation”}]$

The fourth integral cohomology $H^4(T^3; \mathbb{Z}) = 0$:

> `Ext(4,Z,Z,var);`

$[[1 = [0]], [1], \text{“Presentation”}]$

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